

Test en lecture, écriture et mathématiques, cycle moyen (6^e année)

Students in French-Language Schools, 2023–2024



Highlights of the Provincial Results

Test en lecture, écriture et mathématiques, cycle moyen (6^e année)¹

The Education Quality and Accountability
Office (EQAO) is an agency of the Government
of Ontario that contributes to the quality and
accountability of Ontario's publicly funded
education system. EQAO develops and
administers large-scale assessments that
produce objective and reliable information
to support student success. EQAO data act as
a snapshot that shows whether students are
meeting curriculum expectations in reading,
writing and mathematics at key stages of
their education.



Context

EQAO is reporting for the third consecutive year on the student achievement results of the online provincial assessments. Results from the previous two school years are provided along with those from 2023–2024 to show trends in achievement and attitudes from year to year. Such analyses of results contribute to a better understanding of student learning over time.²

Considerations

The *Test en lecture, écriture et mathématiques, cycle moyen,* administered to students in Grade 6, is a computerbased assessment that measures the reading, writing and mathematics knowledge and skills students are expected to have learned by the end of Grade 6 according to *The Ontario Curriculum*.

The e-assessment model allows for schools to administer the *Test en lecture, écriture et mathématiques, cycle moyen,* over a longer administration period: in 2023–2024, the assessment was administered from mid-May to mid-June 2024.

¹ The name of the assessment remains in French, since the French- and English-language assessments are distinct in their content and the curricula they cover in reading and writing. Students in English-language schools write the Assessment of Reading, Writing and Mathematics, Junior Division.

² In 2021–2022, for the junior-division Assessment of Reading, Writing and Mathematics, EQAO introduced an online mode of delivery and new assessment models (multi-stage computer adaptive for mathematics; linear test design for literacy), which differ from those of the prior paper-based assessments. New trendlines and new baselines were set, and in keeping with large-scale assessment best practices, standard setting in mathematics was conducted to define levels of achievement. Additionally, the introduction of a new language curriculum in 2023 required a redesign of the reading and writing components of the assessment.

Assessment Results³

Grade 6 student achievement results have remained the same in reading, have decreased in writing and have increased in mathematics, relative to those in 2022–2023. The three-year trend shows that the percentage of students meeting the provincial standard has remained stable in reading, has decreased in writing and has increased in mathematics.



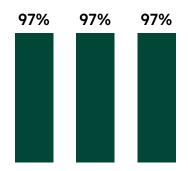
All Participating Students in 2023–2024

Reading



8230

students fully participated in the reading component of the junior-division assessment.



2021-2022 2022-2023 2023-2024

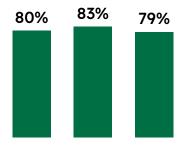
97% of fully participating students met the provincial standard (Levels 3 and 4) in reading.

Writing



8233

students fully participated in the writing component of the junior-division assessment.



2021-2022 2022-2023 2023-2024

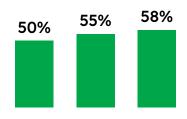
79% of fully participating students met the provincial standard (Levels 3 and 4) in writing.

Mathematics



8234

students fully participated in the mathematics component of the junior-division assessment.



2021-2022 2022-2023 2023-2024

58% of fully participating students met the provincial standard (Levels 3 and 4) in mathematics.⁴

³ Since 2021–2022, EQAO has reported achievement results for fully participating students only. This includes all students who took part in the assessment and, as a result, have data.

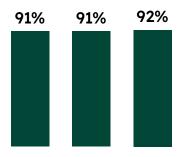
⁴ It is encouraging to note that among the 38% of students who achieved Level 2 in mathematics (3136 students), more than half (1743 students) were close (as indicated by a high Level 2 outcome) to meeting the provincial standard and demonstrated most of the knowledge and skills required for work in subsequent grades.

Students with Special Education Needs

1662 of the 1662 students who wrote the junior-division assessment and were identified as having special education needs (excluding gifted),

92%

met the provincial standard (Levels 3 and 4) in reading.

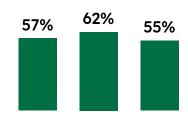


2021-2022 2022-2023 2023-2024

This is an increase from the previous school year. The three-year trend shows an increase in the percentage of students meeting the provincial standard.

55%

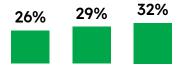
met the provincial standard (Levels 3 and 4) in writing.



2021-2022 2022-2023 2023-2024

This is a decrease from the previous school year. The three-year trend shows a decrease in the percentage of students meeting the provincial standard.

met the provincial standard (Levels 3 and 4) in mathematics.



2021-2022 2022-2023 2023-2024

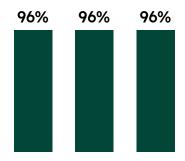
This is an increase from the previous school year. The three-year trend shows an increase in the percentage of students meeting the provincial standard.

Students Who Are French-Language Learners⁵

1792 Of the 1792 students who wrote the junior-division assessment and were identified as French-language learners,

96%

met the provincial standard (Levels 3 and 4) in reading.

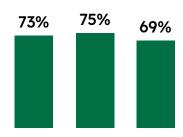


2021-2022 2022-2023 2023-2024

The results are the same as those from the previous school year. The three-year trend shows that the percentage of students meeting the provincial standard has remained stable.

69%

met the provincial standard (Levels 3 and 4) in writing.

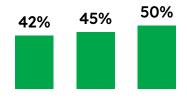


2021-2022 2022-2023 2023-2024

This is a decrease from the previous school year. The three-year trend shows a decrease in the percentage of students meeting the provincial standard.

50%

met the provincial standard (Levels 3 and 4) in mathematics.



2021-2022 2022-2023 2023-2024

This is an increase from the previous school year. The three-year trend shows an increase in the percentage of students meeting the provincial standard.

⁵ French-language learners are students benefiting from Actualisation Linguistique en Français or the Programme d'appui aux nouveaux arrivants.

Learners' Context

EQAO's student and educator questionnaires are completed voluntarily during the assessment administration and offer valuable attitudinal and contextual information about students' experiences and perceptions with respect to literacy and numeracy. This type of information is important and should be considered alongside assessment results and data from other sources to build a full understanding of student learning in Ontario.

Overall, 99% of fully participating students completed the Student Questionnaire, 202 teachers completed the Teacher Questionnaire, and 216 principals completed the Principal Questionnaire. Principals were only required to answer the questionnaire once for both the primary- and junior-division assessments.



Interest and Confidence in Literacy



Overall,

Overall,

57% of students like to read.

50% of students think that they are a good reader.

58% of students indicated that being a good reader is important to them.

65% of students indicated that reading is one of their favourite activities.

Interest and Confidence in Mathematics



Overall.

60%

of students like math.



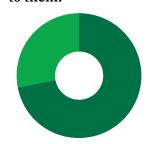
58%

of students think that they are **good at math.**



72%

of students indicated that being good at math is important to them.



50%

of students indicated that math is one of their favourite subjects.



Growth Mindset in Mathematics



88%

of students think that a **person can always get** better at math.

71%

of students think that **almost everyone can understand math** if they are able to work at it.



Technological Access and Savviness



Overall.

61%

of students indicated that they are able to use the **Internet at home** to complete their school work.

72%

of students indicated using **technology** to learn new things.



Self-Directed Learning and Collaboration



Overall,

80%

of students indicated that **they keep trying** if they make a mistake or if something is difficult.

84%

of students indicated that **doing their best** at school is important to them.

74%

of students think that **learning in groups** is a good way to learn.

Teaching Transferable Skills



Overall.



of teachers indicated that they incorporate student development of transferable skills such as critical thinking and problem solving (e.g., addressing complex issues, making informed decisions, analyzing information) into their general practices.

of teachers indicated that they incorporate student development of transferable skills such as communication (e.g., speaking, writing, listening) into their general practices.

Use of EQAO Data



Overall,



of principals indicated that they plan to use this year's EQAO data to identify how well students are meeting curriculum expectations.

of principals indicated that they plan to use this year's EQAO data to inform program planning, resource allocation or teaching practices.

Information Centre: 1-888-327-7377 (Ontario)

416-916-0708 (outside Ontario)

EQAO's data are an important indicator of student learning that adds to the available knowledge about how Ontario students are doing. These data also help Ontario's education sector with improving student achievement and well-being at the individual, school, school board and provincial levels. EQAO data, alongside information from other sources, can strengthen conversations about student learning across the province.

To explore additional EQAO data, please visit School, Board and Provincial Results **Interactive EQAO Dashboards**



